



**CITIZENS AND GOVERNANCE IN A KNOWLEDGE-BASED SOCIETY**



**caENTI**  
Coordination action of the  
European Network of Territorial Intelligence

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Evaluation report on EC relevant projects  
and GD information.

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## Introduction

This second annual report relates to the activities that were made within the framework of the evaluation of projects funded by the European Commission and of the existing information of the GDs that might be relevant in the territorial intelligence field. It is led by the WP4P [Projects] coordination. Its objectives can be formulated in the form of two questions:

1. Among the projects that were supported by the European Commission, which of them have an object corresponding to the territorial intelligence questioning?

2. Which relevant information for territorial intelligence the General Directions of the European Commission have, in addition to those that are published on the official websites?

It is a specific activity, insofar as it corresponds to a suggestion of the CAENTI project evaluators. It was integrated in the WP4 because this work package includes a coordination activity that is linked to territorial information and because as a principle, most of the concerned projects were research ones. Thus, the WP4P coordination group mainly contributes to the second objective of the work package 4: increasing the territorial information use.

At the end of the year 2006, a first selection of 45 projects was made by using a selection of relevant key-words for territorial intelligence: territory, community, territorial development, sustainable development, governance, participation, partnership, global approach, transparency, information and communication technologies, ICT, knowledge-based society and citizenship (see deliverable 25). This selection crossed several research modes: by studying repertories and databases but also by making direct requests on Internet. All these projects were validated by the members of the coordination group. They essentially concerned the social and environmental impact of the research supported by the European Union, moreover some projects concern social exclusion.

The objective on the long run was to select the projects, which people in charge of will be invited to a seminar about the “uses of territorial intelligence in Europe” (the topic should be deepened) to have exchanges with the CAENTI actors.

In November 2006, the coordination group was reorganized with a division by country and by language, in order to contact people in charge of the selected projects in the prospect to organize a cross seminar with CAENTI actors about the “Uses of territorial

intelligence in Europe”. The finalisation of this seminar programme was planned at the time of the Territorial Intelligence International Conference of HUELVA, in October 2007.

The group also started an intersection study between the 17 GDs, the European programmes and the management centers, about the projects and the existing information in the territorial intelligence field the GDs have and that are not published on the European Union websites. Then, it would allow making deepened research actions by programmes websites that can possibly be completed by contacts with the management centers and consultation of archives. In June 2006, the coordination group decided to wait for the end of 2006 before making a survey by asking the General Directions, in order to make the difference with the ones we could identify by ourselves, mainly to wait for the WP4I general inventory at the territorial information level and for the selection of relevant projects before making this survey.

## ***1. ORGANIZATION, OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES OF THE “PROJECTS” COORDINATION GROUP DURING THE SECOND PERIOD.***

The wp4p coordination group has two objectives for the second period:

- Deepening the first selection of projects
- Making the intersection study between the GDs, the European programmes and the management centers.

At the end of the first period, the coordination group was reorganized by countries and languages as follows :

- Serge SCHMITZ : Benelux countries, Austria, Germany, Denmark.
- Blanca MIEDES, Dolores REDONDO : Spain, Portugal
- Jean-Jacques GIRARDOT : France, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Ireland, Norway, Sweden.
- Natale AMMATURO : Italy, Malta, Greece, Cyprus, Croatia,
- Csilla FILO : Hungary, Slovenia, Poland, Slovakia, Czechia, Finland, Lithuania, Estonia, Latvia.
- Mihai PASCARU : Romania, Bulgaria.

As the objective of this group was the selection of the projects which people in charge of will be invited to a seminar with the CAENTI actors, the coordination group will be widened to actors:

- Jean-Marie DELVOYE, OPTIMA (Belgium)
- Christiane MARECHAL-RULOT, INTEGRA (Belgium)
- Jean-Guy HENCKEL, COCAGNE (France)
- Maria Isabel FRANCO LIGENFERT, VALDOCCO (Spain)

Amélie BICHET-MIÑARO was in charge of the intersection study.

We participated in the coordination meeting of the work package 4 in Salerno, on May, 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> 2007. The two prospections started about projects and GDs were not completed, but they already showed, on the one hand, that among the counted projects, only a few were still in activity and, on the other hand, that the GDs which had answered us, systematically advise us to consult the European Union websites, especially CORDIS.

These results being confirmed, we decided to reorientate the research on the basis of this double observation :

- The GDs do not have relevant information for the territorial intelligence that are not already posted on the European Union websites.

- Among the relevant projects for territorial intelligence and funded by the European Union, that we had identified, only a few are still unexplored.

We finally suggested for the occasion of the Territorial Intelligence International Conference of HUELVA, from October, the 24<sup>th</sup> to the 26<sup>th</sup> 2007, to deeply reorientate the activity of the wp4p coordination group towards the implementation of an analytic repertory for the territorial intelligence uses in Europe, including the CAENTI projects, those similar to the CAENTI and those external to the CAENTI.

## **2. PROGRESS.**

The two inspections achieved by the wp4t coordination group have proved to be unprofitable.

### ***2.1. Selection of projects funded by the European Union***

Among the 45 projects funded by the European Union that we had noted as belonging to the territorial intelligence field, only 5 projects could have been contacted and were still unexplored (see table in appendix 2). The growing structures still exist but they are little informed about issues given to completed projects. Their links with territorial intelligence and the actors' uses were too close to organize a seminar or exchanges with the CAENTI actors insofar as they are principally research projects which were not necessarily and immediately identified in the light of the first exchanges, in the territorial intelligence field.

This approach mainly showed that even though the research projects had been the subject of repertories or publications on CORDIS, the action projects were not systematically posted and were more difficult to count. Most of the action projects had also slipped through the net of our research activities on Internet where our key-words had not identified them, including the use of many languages. These projects have probably no websites. They are neither the subject of systematic repertories. When they have a website, they do not pay attention to their referencing.

We should also develop another approach to avoid being a project claiming the belonging of other projects supported by the European Union to our field. It is clear that this approach requires more explanations, more exchanges, therefore more time than the one we had imagined.

### ***2.2. Intersection study concerning the GDs of the EC.***

About the intersection study, we consulted all the General Directions of the European Commission about the information they had and the projects they funded and that could be relevant in the territorial intelligence field. We wrote to the following General Directions: Management of information systems - Common research centre - Europe Aid - Economic and Financial Affairs - Firms and industries – Concurrence - Employment, Social affairs and equal opportunities – Agriculture - Energies and transports – Environment - Information society and medias – Research - Fisheries and maritime affairs - Internal market and services -

Regional policies - General affairs - Education and culture - Taxation and customs affairs - Security - External relations - Trade - Development and ACP relations. We even wrote three times to some GDs when necessary. The most frequent answer we received was to consult CORDIS, as well as to get territorial information on funded projects.

We concluded that there are no relevant information for territorial intelligence the GDs have in addition to those that are published on the EU official websites.

All the relevant projects funded by the GDs can also be found on CORDIS. The selection of projects we made by using the official website is the most complete that can be done.

We drafted some internal documents:

- A table about the answers of GDs (see appendix 1).
- A table about the state of selected projects funded by the EU and that are relevant in the territorial intelligence field (see appendix 2).

The research coordination activities about territorial information are now concentrated in the Wp4i group about territorial information and indicators. This group made a state-of – the-art of the territorial information that are available on the European websites that are supplied by the European Commission. As there are no other information from the General Directions, this inventory will be the base for the execution of a portal of statistical information that have a socio-economic nature and that are directed towards the territorial intelligence researchers and actors.

### ***2.3. Analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects***

Because we are essentially concentrated in projects, the wp4 group suggested a new research orientation (about the territorial intelligence uses) which was concretised with the proposition of a new coordination group about uses within the framework of the work package 6, so-called the wp6u group, in order to constitute an analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects.

#### **2.3.1. Making uniform the projects description and analysis in the way of territorial intelligence**

The origin of this proposition comes from the observation that we worked out many approaches about territorial intelligence projects, in different but complementary ways:

- Within the Wp4p, in which we wished to identify projects in the territorial intelligence field funded by the European Union, and which were external to the CAENTI. In the absence of repertories, on paper support and on Internet, the inventory of action projects was extremely difficult.
- Within the WP5, universities analysed research-actions, which constituted territorial intelligence projects achieved in the CAENTI universities, but which were not development partnerships using the CATALYSE method.
- Within the Wp6g, five Catalyse development partnerships were studied. Three of them were the subject of a more deepened analysis about their observation methods.

Excluding descriptions of actors involved in the CAENTI and articles suggested for the focus of the territorial intelligence portal.

Because they were not considered from the same point of view, these projects were, of course, neither described nor analyzed from the same grid in these different approaches. Each approach used its grid, complementary but different from the other ones. Especially:

- The Wp6g group was focused on basic guides, indicating the main thematic structures for which answers were expected to describe the projects (development partnerships) and then their methods and observation tools.
- The WP5 analyzed the research-actions from governance principles and implemented a quality letter which could have been used as a projects analysis grid.

The repertory will be implemented according to a homogeneous grid which will incorporate links to projects specific presentations and contributions. The repertory added value will aim at improving the visibility of territorial intelligence projects on Internet, which is missing for the moment. It will be a service of the territorial intelligence portal which will increase the audience of this latter. In return, it will benefit from its good referencing.

The repertory will make a general inventory of research or action projects of the territorial intelligence field (projects claiming their belonging to this field) and those we will identify with a status to specify.

The interest of the project presentation in the analytic repertory will be to provide, beyond the ordinary descriptive information, an analysis focused on the uses of methods,

tools and ethical principles of territorial intelligence, which is generally absent from the main project presentation pages on its specific website.

The presentation of each project could be voluntarily and regularly updated by its people in charge of, what is cruelly missing for many project presentations surviving on Internet whereas the project has strongly evolved, even if it is not unexplored anymore.

### **2.3.2. Identifying and analyzing uses of territorial intelligence**

The proposition embodied at the time of the HUELVA international conference preparation was to initiate a systematic inventory of territorial intelligence projects by the means of a homogeneous grid combining and completing the used grids in the different CAENTI work packages, within the framework of a new coordination group devoted to the analysis of the territorial intelligence uses and located in the work package 6: it is the so-called Wp6u group.

This inventory could not be implemented within the framework of the WP4 because the different coordination groups of this work package would have converged into only one synthesis group. In addition, it was the information theme which had led to develop this research about projects funded by the European Union and information owned by the GD in the WP4.

A coordination group about projects, including research-action and action projects, seemed better located in the WP6, in the continuity of the Wp6g group, all the more this WP had emphasized many times its interest in research activities about uses that could complete those about contents and tools. The absence of a group like the wp6g of the first period was felt during the second period to continue the propositions made about use recommendations and to analyze experimentations. For that reason, we have had to broaden the horizon of the Wp6g which was developed to implement use principles and more technic notices than use recommendations.

The discussion was also about the allocation and the distinctness of tasks between this new group and the work package 5 because those projects were analyzed within that WP and according to uses. However, the WP5 studies the governance principles which constitute an aspect of the uses. As we hoped to organize the converging of work packages to the WP6, which corresponds to the general objective of the CAENTI, it was more judicious to develop the analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects within the work package 6. Of course, all the CAENTI research activities, especially the WP5, could use the “part” of the repertory

concerning them. The Wp6u coordination group is in addition the converging point of the WP5 within the WP6.

Information in the analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects will feed other research activities, like those of the WP5 at the moment.

The wp6u will also gather other activities, like the experimentations of the Catalyse method and the working-out of the Catalyse method use recommendations.

### **2.3.3. Drawing up a unique grid for description and analysis of territorial intelligence projects**

The objective and the first activities of this new coordination group were planned for the occasion of the HUELVA international conference, around the drawing-up of a homogeneous grid.

The objective of the Wp6u is to implement only one analytic repertory of relevant projects in the territorial intelligence field, about the development partnerships and the Catalyse observatories, the research-actions identified by the Wp5 and all the projects in the territorial intelligence field (including those which have been or which are funded by the European Union but not excluding the others) on the condition that they claim belonging to the territorial intelligence field, or being related to this field. The analytic repertory aims at giving to territorial intelligence projects a visibility they do not have for the moment on Internet.

Its first task will be to draw up only one descriptive and analytic grid for all the territorial intelligence projects. As a principle, this form should incorporate :

- A project identity form.
- A guide describing the whole project activities.
- An analytic guide of methods, tools and observation activities. The Wp4m coordination group about scientific methods and generic tools for the statistical and spatial analysis of territorial information underlined the importance of observation as a meta-method.
- A governance principles analytic guide for the development of partnerships, on the model of the WP5 quality letter.

This list is not a limitative one.

This grid objective is not to implement a descriptive form, but rather a themes list in the way of an interview guide which formulation leads to the uses analysis, and not only to

their description. Projects should answer a same set of themes by analyzing, beyond the simple description of their activities, the uses they make with the observation tools and the way they implement the sustainable development principles. Except this framework allowing a kind of homogeneity in the projects presentation, the grid could be filled in as freely as possible by the project.

### **2.3.4. Description, analysis and evaluation of the CATALYSE observatories**

During the Territorial Intelligence International Conference of Huelva, in October 2007, a first task was suggested to start the thinking process about this grid and about the analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects: the description, the analysis and the evaluation of the CATALYSE method used by the CAENTI participants, especially by the actors.

The objective was to implement by the mid-November 2007, an identity form and a first analytic guide for the observation process within a controlled framework by all the actors: the framework of the Catalyse method.

The forms will be filled in by the mid-January 2008 by the observatories involved in the CAENTI.

A seminar for the analysis and evaluation will be organized in LIEGE (Belgium) in mid-February 2008. The LIEGE coordination meeting will also allow providing the work programme of the Wp6u coordination group, from this experience.

### ***2.4. Map of the CATALYSE territorial intelligence projects***

Within the framework of these analysis and evaluation of the CATALYSE method, the Wp4p work group drew up, in the prospect of the Wp6u group, the CATALYSE projects list and map from the AM-15 project in the “Poverty 3” programme which is the origin of the Catalyse method, in order to :

- Suggest a home base for the analytic repertory.
- Complete with an inventory, the modelling of tools and governance principles implemented by the deliverable 56, first part.

Most of the following territorial observatories chronologically sorted meet this modelling.

Observatory AM-15 of the Doubs Model Action of the Third European programme of fight against poverty, 1989-1994, Besançon.

Employment Observatory of Huelva (Spain), starting in 1989, <http://www.ole.uhu.es>

Evaluation of the Boutiques Solidarité (Solidarity Boutiques) of the Abbé-Pierre Foundation, 1992 – 1995.

Preliminary diagnosis of the Doubs Departmental Inclusion Plan, 1994.

Mapa Social de Huelva, shared diagnosis, 1994, <http://www.ole.uhu.es>

Mosaïque observatory, 1995-1999, Doubs departement, Besançon, France.

Evaluation of the Haltes des Amis de la Rue (itineraries follow-up), Paris, 1996 – 1998.

Diagnosis of the Yonne Inclusion Institute, March 1996, Le Phare, 1996 – 2000.

National observatory of migrations GORRION of ACCEM (Madrid, Spain), starting in 1997, <http://www.accem.es> and <http://mti.univ-fcomte.fr/accem/>

Observatory of inclusion and itineraries follow-up of the DGAS (Général Direction of Social Action, Portugal), 1997 – 2001.

Community observatory OPTIMA of Seraing (Belgium), starting in 1998, <http://www.optima-obs.org>

Shared diagnosis of the Concerted Action of Pontarlier (GEIQ), 1998 – 2001.

Diagnosis of the Mission for Inclusion of the Charleroi Region (itineraries follow-up), 1998 – 2001.

Evaluation and observatory of "Ligne Bleue 25", information service for old people, 1998 – 2001.

Observatory of nearness employment and itineraries follow-up, "Proxim", Morteau, France, 1999 – 2000.

Observatory of the migrations in a rural area OPASI of Sigüenza (Spain), starting in 1999, <http://mti.univ-fcomte.fr/siguenza>

Inter-commune observatory INTEGRA for the inclusion in rural area of Durbuy (Belgium), starting in 1999, <http://www.integraplus.be> and [Equalux project \(Province of Luxembourg\), 2004 – 2006, http://mti.univ-fcomte.fr/integradh/](http://mti.univ-fcomte.fr/integradh/)

Website of the resources of the so-called “town policy” (France), 1999 - 2000, <http://i.ville.gouv.fr>

Observatory of Rural School (ORS), starting in 2000, [www.grenoble.iufm.fr/rural/](http://www.grenoble.iufm.fr/rural/)

Migrations observatory ODINA in Asturias (Gijon, Spain), starting in 2000,  
<http://www.odina.info>

Eugenia Project, Ecos Ouverture programme, 2000 – 2002.

Inter-commune observatory of Ormansag (Sellye, Hungary), 2001 - 2002,  
<http://ormansag.celodin.hu/>

Equal project IDREM website, 2002 - 2004

National Unit Leader Plus, Belgium, 2002 – 2005, <http://www.unleader.be>  
and Walloon Animation Cell, 2002 – 2005, <http://www.leaderwallonie.be>

Development partnership “Exigence” in Franche-Comté (France), 2002 –  
2005, <http://www.exigence.org>

Transnational partnership IRIS, 2002 – 2005, <http://www.iris-equal.info/>

Migrations observatory OPAGU of Guadalajara (Spain), starting in 2003.

Design of the OSUA Adapei system, starting in 2004,  
<http://www.adapeibesancon.asso.fr/>

Development partnership Equal Mediation (France), starting in 2005,  
<http://www.mediacionbatiment.net/>

Development partnership Equal of the Jardins de Cocagne (France), starting  
in 2005, <http://www.reseaucocagne.asso.fr/>

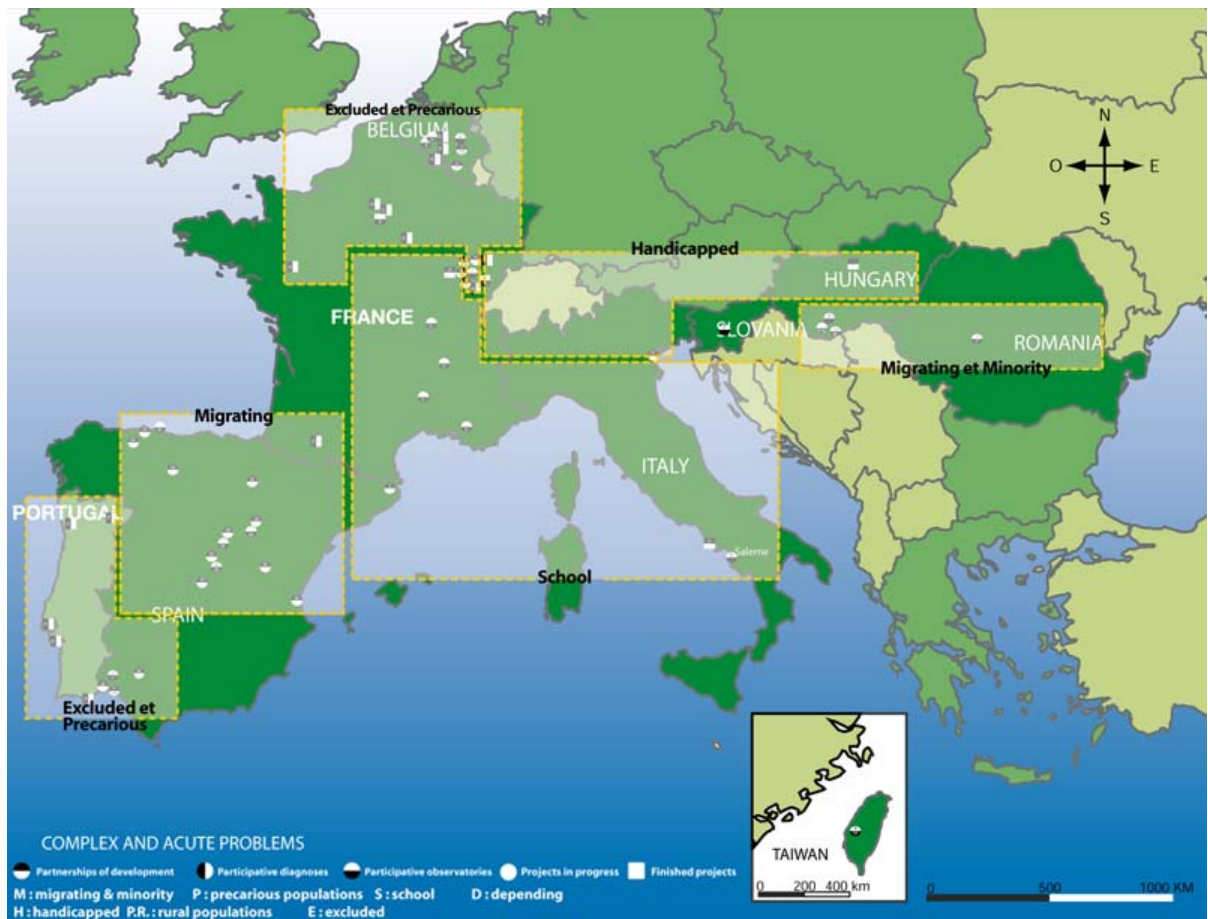
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*Map of the Catalyse territorial observatories*

## **CONCLUSION**

About both questions specific to the Wp4p “Projects” coordination group:

1. Among the projects that were supported by the European Commission, which of them have a subject corresponding to the questioning of the territorial intelligence?
2. Which relevant information for territorial intelligence the General Directions of the European Commission have, in addition to those that are published on the official websites?

We can answer to that questions:

1. The Wp4p coordination group selected 45 projects using relevant key-words for territorial intelligence and crossing several research modes: by studying repertories and databases but also by making direct requests on Internet. These projects essentially concern the social and environmental impact of the research supported by the European Union and some projects about social exclusion. Only five projects can still be contacted. However, they do not all claim being territorial intelligence projects and they are essentially research projects, which cannot be compared with the CAENTI actors, for the occasion of a seminar, as we basically expected it.

2. The General Directions of the European Commission do not have information and do not fund relevant projects in the territorial intelligence field, except the information and projects that are published on the European Union official website.

According to these observations, the Wp4p coordination group suggested a new orientation of research activities about the territorial intelligence uses, which came true with the suggestion of a new coordination group, the so-called wp6u, during the Territorial Intelligence International Conference of HUELVA in October 2007.

This coordination group will have to implement an analytic repertory of research and/or action projects in the territorial intelligence field from :

- Projects identified by the Wp4p group (see deliverable 25).
- Research-actions analyzed by the WP5 (see deliverables 34 to 39).
- CATALYSE observatories of the CAENTI

Its first task will be to draw up only one descriptive and analytic grid for all the territorial intelligence projects allowing presenting them, describing their activities, analyzing their observation activities and the way they implement the governance principles to ensure a

sustainable and fair development. This grid could be filled in by the projects leaders who want them to be considered as territorial intelligence projects.

Both CATALYSE observatories list and map were drawn up from their origin to initiate the analytic repertory of territorial intelligence projects. An evaluation of the Catalyse observatories of the CAENTI was also initiated to that purpose, during the Territorial Intelligence International Conference of HUELVA in October 2007, with the objective to constitute a report-out day during the coordination meeting scheduled in LIEGE the 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> of February 2008.

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**APPENDIX I: TABLE ABOUT GD'S ANSWERS**

<i>GD or department name</i>	<i>Answer</i>
Management of information systems	We were advised to consult Cordis.
Common research center	No answer.
Europe Aid	We were advised to consult the annual report on exterior assistance 2006 and the Europe Aid GD website.
Economic and financial affairs	No answer.
Firms and industries	No answer.
Concurrence	No answer.
Employment, social affairs and equal opportunities	We were advised to consult the website: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/employment_social/publications/center_en.html">http://ec.europa.eu/employment_social/publications/center_en.html</a> Besides, we were advised by these services to consult the websites: <a href="http://ec.europa/employment_social/esf2000/esfleaflets.en.html">http://ec.europa/employment_social/esf2000/esfleaflets.en.html</a> <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/employment_social/emplweb.esf/esf_success.en.cfm">http://ec.europa.eu/employment_social/emplweb.esf/esf_success.en.cfm</a>
Agriculture	We were advised to consult Cordis and the website: <a href="http://www.jrc.cec.eu.int/">http://www.jrc.cec.eu.int/</a>
Energies and transports	No answer.
Environment	No answer.
Information society and medias	We were advised to consult Cordis.
Research	We were advised to consult Cordis.
Fisheries and maritimes affairs	No answer.
Internal market and services	No answer.
Regional policies	No answer.
General affairs	We were advised to consult the website: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/public_contracts/beneficiaries_en.html">http://ec.europa.eu/public_contracts/beneficiaries_en.html</a>
Education and culture	No answer.
Taxation and customs affairs	We were advised to consult the website: <a href="http://ec.eu/taxation_customs/customs/cooperation_programme/">http://ec.eu/taxation_customs/customs/cooperation_programme/</a>
Security	We were advised to consult the website: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/justice_home/funding">http://ec.europa.eu/justice_home/funding</a>
External relations	We were advised to rather consult Europe Aid.
Trade	No answer.
Development and ACP relations	We were advised to contact Europe Aid.

**APPENDIX 2: TABLE ABOUT THE STATE OF SELECTED PROJECTS BELONGING TO THE FIELD OF TERRITORIAL INTELLIGENCE AND FUNDED BY THE EU**

Abstract	End date	Key words CAENTI	Source	Page	Existence of the structure	State
The overall goal of the project is to elaborate and promote innovative forms and instruments of local governance to improve urban tourism development involving the principles of sustainability and participatory decision-making.	30/06/03	Governance, sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The main objective of this Action is to produce monitoring tools for the evaluation of sustainable development at the local level with emphasis on urban and regional processes.	31/12/03	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The main objective is to identify the main ecological, economic and social determinants of sustainability at the regional level, through the formulation of an evaluation framework for sustainable regional development policies and strategies.	30/06/98	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to provide an integrated approach to support the implementation of sustainable development in regions across Europe.	31/01/04	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
This research proposal seeks to develop assessment methodologies in areas that appear particularly promising or particularly urgent.	31/12/06	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished

This proposal will focus on emerging institutional mechanisms which seek to answer the question of market failures by means other than command-and-control regulation imposed in the name of the public interest.	31/05/10	Governance	Cordis website	/	Yes	In progress
This project aims to produce a new urban integrated management methodology which is really adapted to city constraints and to the need of co-operation with other stakeholders, through a networking synergy around sustainable development strategies.	31/12/04	Governance, Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to introduce a training programme for community development agents which will provide them with a global approach of the problem instead of the sectoral approach previously taken.	31/12/99	Governance	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The intention of this research is to associate, from a theoretical and practical point of view, the investigations made into the built environment by the Space Syntax laboratory of London University College with the works done about landscape by the laboratory and post-graduate course of the Paris la Villette School of Architecture.	31/05/05	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
This project intends to have a sharp focus on improving the quality of urban life, experimenting an innovative time-oriented approach to urban regeneration. The project brings together Local Authorities, Universities and local Development agencies from five European countries to develop, tests and evaluates an innovative TOOL for a time-oriented description of urban areas.	31/10/05	Governance	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished

The overall objective is to analyse interrelated themes: the use of the global public good concept to analyse the interdependencies between economic and sustainability objectives in trade...	30/09/04	Sustainable development	Cordis website	/	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to propose improvements of European economic policy co-ordination, which contribute to the achievement of full employment and stronger social cohesion in an enlarged Union	30/04/05	Governance, sustainable development	Project Synopses	58	Yes	Finished
The project aims at comparatively and historically describing and explaining the rules of the game by patterning these countries' consensualism. In a nutshell, what structural relations - including dominance – does it involve? Where does it originate from? How was it institutionalised and by what mechanisms has it been sustained?	30/04/06	Governance	Project Synopses	60	Yes	Finished
This project has four specific objectives: it will develop an operational concept of basic services. It will investigate the current regional and social differences in the access to basic services in Europe and how these are affected through liberalisation. It will analyse the different rules, regulations and policies designed to keep the provision of basic services at a predefined level despite liberalisation. It will analyse successful models for the provision of basic services and integrate this knowledge into policy relevant recommendations.	31/07/05	Governance	Project Synopses	62	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to give a better understanding of public sector innovation and policy learning, and to contribute to the development of the theoretical foundation to study innovation in the public sector.	31/12/05	Governance	Project Synopses	64	Yes	Finished

The objective of the Thematic Network is to use the diversity of scientific approaches to the problems of sustainability as a resource to improve the European sustainability strategy, especially its further elaboration and implementation.	31/10/06	Governance, sustainable development	Project Synopses	66	Yes	Finished
The overall objective of the Network is to provide a theoretical framework informed by a technical analysis of historical and current policies and practices, to help formulate strategies for the financial consolidation in Europe.	30/09/06	Governance	Project Synopses	70	Yes	Finished
The project objectives are identifying: 1) the conditions and the tools for the coordination and governance of the interplay among firms, universities, research organizations and learning agents that leads to the generation of new technological knowledge and the introduction of new technologies at large; 2) the conditions to take advantage of the new technologies, once introduced, in terms of endogenous endowment of skills and resources; 3) the way of generating relevant policy priorities.	30/04/04	Governance	Project Synopses	82	Yes	Finished
The project aims at better understanding the knowledge increasing intensity of the economic and social development in Europe.	30/11/05	Governance	Project Synopses	86	Yes	Finished

<p>Objectives: Testing theories relating to knowledge or learning societies through the forms of knowledge and learning empirical investigation within selected cities.</p> <p>Identifying the key roles played by the cities in the wider knowledge economies of their regions and the types of knowledge resources used by different networks within the city-regions.</p> <p>Investigating the institutions involved in collective learning processes within the case study cities, and specifically the roles played by tertiary education institutions and other forms of educational provider.</p> <p>Assessing the success of existing strategies to enhance learning and knowledge development within the cities, and to identify the potential good practices or lessons that could be disseminated more widely.</p> <p>Developing indicators relating to knowledge, learning processes and institutional engagement that will be helpful to local and regional authorities in developing appropriate intervention strategies.</p>	31/01/06	Governance	Project Synopses	88	Yes	Finished
<p>The main objective is to create a network that will improve our understanding of the networks nature, role and running in the economy.</p>	31/05/05	Governance, sustainable development	Project Synopses	90	Yes	Finished
<p>It will explore the feasibility and conditions of creation of a network of excellence on the shaping of research and innovation policies in the move towards the European Research Area.</p>	31/03/04	Governance	Project Synopses	92	Yes	Finished

Objectives: Formulating an alternative model for local innovative development, and confronting the alternative model of local and regional innovation with practices and initiatives in the local social economy of 9 cities in 6 EU countries.	31/10/04	Governance	Project Synopses	164	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to identify and assess possible new governance structures to fight social exclusion in contemporary Europe.	29/02/04	Governance	Project Synopses	166	Yes	Finished
The overall objective is to study innovation in low-tech, small companies in Europe's lagging areas by looking at their role in local development and the effect of the local environment on their innovative potential.	1/01/04	Governance	Briefing Papers	195	Yes	Finished
The aim of this project is to investigate the impact of the technological globalisation and the rise of business services on national patterns of specialisation then their impact on growth and employment in Europe.	31/10/04	Governance, sustainable development	Project Synopses	250	Yes	Finished
The objective of this project is to provide an analysis on how the different committees in the EC policy process fulfill their basic functions as providers of expertise and to what extent they constitute a central aspect of the "democratic legitimacy" of the evolving system of European governance.	31/01/02	Governance	Project Synopses	276	Yes	Finished
The overall goal of the project is to identify conditions for the realization of sustainable and innovative development which support a shift towards participatory governance.	31/01/02	Governance	Project Synopses	278	Yes	Finished

The overall objectives of the project are to analyse the nature and sources of electoral participation and abstention in systems of multi-level governance and to make policy recommendations designed to deal with the factors identified as sources of abstention.	30/09/03	Governance	Project Synopses	280	Yes	Finished
The aim was to provide new insights into urban development strategies and to understand how specific regional requirements related to the spread of the information society.	14/01/02	Governance	Briefing Papers	51	Yes	Finished
The goal was to investigate the policy process itself and to shed light on how trends in social exclusion bear on the reform of social protection systems, with particular emphasis on the prospective role of the EU.	30/06/01	Governance	Briefing Papers	99	Yes	Finished

<p>6 objectives:</p> <p>Modelling the range of ways in which different social companies in the social economy of Spain, Germany, Sweden and the United Kingdom can produce and reproduce share capital;</p> <p>Identifying the ways and the extent to which share capital produced and reproduced in family and community networks influences the development of social enterprises in the social economy;</p> <p>Generating indicators and measures of the share capital produced by social enterprises;</p> <p>Generating a new model of local economic profiling which incorporates a concept of share capital and develops measures and indicators of this one;</p> <p>Generating an increased model of social audit which incorporates a concept of share capital and develop its measures and indicators;</p> <p>Producing an assessment of the share capital role in the social economy developing local social cohesion and social inclusion.</p>	31/05/05	Governance	Briefing Papers	107	Yes	Finished
<p>It set out to understand, compare and analyse recent pension reforms in the seven countries of Austria, France, Germany, Italy, Norway, Poland and the United Kingdom.</p>	30/04/02	Governance	Briefing Papers	109	No	Doesn't know
<p>The aim was to examine how NFEW are currently being regulated and the possibility of developing concerted regulatory efforts at the local level.</p>	31/12/00	Governance	Briefing Papers	121	Yes	Finished

<p>The specific objectives were to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Establish guidelines for the construction of successful innovation network;</li> <li>Develop a dynamic simulation model of innovation network;</li> <li>Provide policy-makers, businesses and the research community with a better appreciation of the likely impacts of their activities stimulating innovation;</li> <li>Provide new evaluation policy tools.</li> </ul>	<p>28/02/01</p>	<p>Governance</p>	<p>Briefing Papers</p>	<p>151</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Finished</p>
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<p>The project had 5 objectives:</p> <p>It set out to assess whether economic and technological convergence was occurring between LFRs and the most advanced regions of the EU and, if so, what rate? It also set out to identify factors slowing down or stimulating the convergence process;</p> <p>It paid interest to the intensity, quality and sustainability of the interactions between firms, universities, government laboratories, interface agencies, financial institutions and other relevant agents to see if systems of innovation are emerging within the LFRs;</p> <p>The aim was to analyse the science, the technology and the innovation policies in the LFRs to determine the best practice;</p> <p>The study pays interest to the strategies of other agents such as private firms, research and technology organisations, universities, etc for acquiring and developing abilities which could further the comparativeness of their regions and contribute to the narrowing of the gap with the most advanced regions;</p> <p>It was to involve end-users with the implementation of practical measures and initiatives to disseminate the results of the research.</p>	31/03/01	Governance	Briefing Papers	183	Yes	Finished
<p>Its aim was to develop and refine a heuristic model of science and technology governance in Europe.</p>	14/12/04	Governance	Briefing Papers	239	Yes	Finished

The project aims to an interdisciplinary theory of reputation and to model the interplay between direct evaluations and meta-evaluations with three types of decisions: epistemic, strategic and memetic.	31/03/09	Governance	Community Research	12	Yes	In course
The overall aim of this project is to develop a multi-dimensional set of integrated activities that will contribute to the development of a European Research Area for Global Governance, Regionalisation and Regulation via the creation of a multi-disciplinary European network of scientific excellence, consisting in scholarly researchers, analysts and practitioners with expertise in it.	31/05/10	Governance	Community Research	176	Yes	In course
It will develop an innovative analytical model for the study of governance for sustainability, focusing on the synergy between new governance modes and different forms of knowledge, taking into account the quick changes in the knowledge society	31/01/09	Governance, sustainable development	Community Research	184	Yes	In course
The aim of this integrated Project is to produce a deeper, conceptual, empirical and normative understanding of all aspects of governance within and beyond Europe, giving special attention to the emergence, the execution, the evaluation and the evolution of new and innovative modes of governance.	31/08/08	Governance	Community Research	214	Yes	In course
In order to answer the composed problems, the FEDAR intends to work on several axes: list and characterize elements of the built and not built patrimony; form and accompany public towards the qualification and the activity; create networks and tools to value the patrimony.	12/01/06	NTIC	Site Equal	/	Yes	Finished

The project aims at developing and at redeploing the employment potential by the implementation of training devices on 5 territories of Lorraine	12/01/06	Governance	Site Equal	/	Yes	Finished
The proposed step consists in gathering different partners as for their institutional status, their radius of action and their specific competence, creating the most favorable conditions to the emergence, application and viability of new activities stemming from patrimonial know-how tracked down on territory, and offering possibilities of investment to the inhabitants' experimental resources.	29/09/04	Governance	Site Equal	/	Yes	Finished

***APPENDIX 3: LIST OF THE DIFFERENT RESEARCH-ACTIONS PROJECTS IN THE TERRITORIAL INTELLIGENCE FIELD AND ANALYSED BY THE WP5***

Université de Franche-Comté (France, deliverable 34)

- “Observatory of Environment and Economical effects of A39 motorway” (1994-2004).
- “Districts Atlas” (September 2003-september 2006).
- “Local and Regional approach of the energetic system. Observation, analysis and prospective” (entered a development and transfer phase in 2008).
- “White paper. Diagram of Territorial Coherence” (SCOT- ended in 2005).
- “Sport in Jura Department”.
- “Observatory CATALYSE” (1994-2007).

Universidad de Huelva (Spain, deliverable 35)

- “Designing of the provincial strategy of employment in the framework of EMPLEA-HUELVA project”.
- “GEYSA”.
- “Plan integral of district V designing”.
- “Trades 21”.

Université de Liège (Belgium, deliverable 36)

- “Les coûts de la désurbanisation”.
- « Aspects socio-économiques de l'étude d'incidences sur l'environnement – projet de liaison autoroutière E40-E25 entre Cerehxe Heuseux et Beaufays ».
- « Capitalisation des expériences leader+ en matière de valorisation des produits issus de l'agriculture locale ».
- “Creating a setting for investment”.
- « Etude relative au comportement en matière de mobilité et de commerce de la clientèle du centre-ville de Visé ».

University of PECS (Hungary, deliverable 37)

- “Elaborating of the New Education Strategy of ‘Southern Great Hungarian Plain’ Region”.
- “Territorial role of micro-regional centres based on case studies”.

Universitatea "1er decembrie 1918" ALBA IULIA (Romania, deliverable 38)

- “Eugenia project: protection by the development of the natural and entropic environment”.
- “Use of the CATALYSE methodology for rural communities study (experiments for a socio-psycho pedagogic analysis in Albac-Scarisoara-Horea micro-region)”.

Universita de SALERNO (Italy, deliverable 39)

- “Educate, teach, integrate and promote. The efficiency of system as regards students' recruitment, relatively to the tools offered by the major of Cava de' Terrini”.
- “From tradition until sustainable development: territory analyses between places and opportunities.”
- “Young people and cultural consumption projects”.